

Healthcare Settings and Healthcare Providers (Including Outpatient, Nursing Homes/Long-Term Care Facilities, Inpatient, Telehealth)

- Implement telehealth for rural communities
- Consider reducing elective procedures
- Implement triage before entering facilities (e.g. parking lot triage, front door); phone triage and telemedicine; limit unnecessary healthcare visits
- Encourage HCP to stay home and notify healthcare facility administrators when sick.
- Actively monitor HCP absenteeism and respiratory illness among HCP and patients.
- Consider implementing temperature/symptom checks for staff, visitors, limit visitor movement in the facility.
- Actively monitor PPE supplies
- Establish processes to evaluate and test large numbers of patients and HCP with respiratory symptoms (e.g. designated clinics for people with fever, surge tent for overflow triage, offsite testing locations)
- Cross train HCP for working in other units to support staffing shortages

Given the previous recommendations by the CDC, I suggest to start screening people at small gatherings such as court and/or Crane county buildings prior to entering building. Screening should record temperature, any recent history of travel and any sick contact with symptoms including fever, cough and shortness of breath. If permitted, continue operating a drive thru window for payments or records. I would also recommend for local restaurants to continue operating through a drive thru window if feasible. For senior citizen gathering due to serve high-risk populations, consider cancelling gatherings of more than 10 people and instead provide meals delivered to their homes. We will continue to keep the county updated with changes as they are presented to us.

Due to the current level of COVID-19 transmission in the United States, and Texas, CDC recommends certain community mitigation activities to help slow the spread of COVID-19 into the community and to protect vulnerable members of the community.

These approaches are used to minimize morbidity and mortality caused by COVID-19 and minimize social and economic impacts of COVID-19. Individuals, communities, businesses, and healthcare organizations are all part of a community mitigation strategy. CDC recommends the following interventions be implemented at this time.

For Every Individual and Families at Home

- Monitor local information about COVID-19 in your community.
- Know the signs and symptoms of COVID-19 and what to do if you become symptomatic.
- Practice personal protective measures (e.g., hand washing).
- Create a household plan of action
(<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019ncov/downloads/community-mitigation-strategy.pdf>)
- Ensure 30-day supply of all medicines.
- Know about emergency operations plans for schools/workplaces of household members.
- Individuals at risk of severe illness (including older adults and persons of any age with underlying health conditions) should stay at home as much as possible.
- o Avoid cruise travel and non-essential air travel
- o Avoid gatherings or other situations of potential exposures, including church attendance and social events with 10 or more people as much as possible.

For Every School/Childcare Facility

- Consider extending Spring Breaks for schools.
- Monitor local information about COVID-19 in your community.
- Know the signs and symptoms of COVID-19 and what to do if students or staff become symptomatic at school/childcare site.
- Review and update emergency operations plan (including implementation of social distancing measures) or develop plan if one is not available.
- Students at increased risk of severe illness should consider implementing individual plans for distance learning (e-learning).

- Short-term dismissals for school and extracurricular activities as needed (e.g., if cases in staff/students) for cleaning and contact tracing.

For Every Assisted Living Facility, Senior Living Facility, and Adult Day Programs

- Conduct daily temperature and symptom screening of attendees, staff, and visitors.
- Support training of staff about strong infection control practices.
- Restrict visitors to long-term care facilities.
- Monitor local information about COVID-19 in your community.
- Know the signs and symptoms of COVID-19 and what to do if clients/residents or staff become symptomatic.
- Review and update emergency operations plan (including implementation of social distancing measures) or develop a plan if one is not available.
- Encourage personal protective measures among staff, residents and clients who live elsewhere (e.g., stay home or in residences when sick, handwashing, respiratory etiquette). • Clean frequently touched surfaces daily.
- Ensure hand hygiene supplies are readily available in all buildings.

Every Workplace

- Monitor local information about COVID-19 in your community.
- Know the signs and symptoms of COVID-19 and what to do if staff become symptomatic at the worksite.
- Review, update, or develop workplace plans to include liberal leave and telework policies. o Consider 7-day leave policies for people with COVID-19 symptoms o Consider alternate team approaches for work schedules. o Encourage staff to telework (when feasible), particularly individuals at increased risk of severe disease.
- Work with all local employers to ensure all workers have the financial support to stay home with any respiratory symptoms
- Encourage personal protective measures among staff (e.g., stay home when sick, handwashing, respiratory etiquette).
- Clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces daily.

- Ensure hand hygiene supplies are readily available in building.
- Limit large work-related gatherings (e.g., staff meetings, after-work functions).
- Cancel non-essential work travel.
- Cancel work-sponsored conferences, tradeshow, etc.

Every Community and Faith-Based Organization

- Ensure polling sites are not in assisted-living or other facilities. Follow election guidance: <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/electionpolling-locations.html>
- Cancel large gatherings (e.g., >250 people), and smaller gatherings that may bring persons together from multiple parts of the country.
- Consider screening persons at smaller gatherings.
- Conduct fever and respiratory screening of staff working at theme parks
- Limiting the number of visitors to theme parks
- Monitor local information about COVID-19 in your community.
- Know the signs and symptoms of COVID-19 and what to do if organization members/staff become symptomatic.
- Determine ways to continue providing support services to individuals at increased risk of severe disease (services, meals, checking in) while limiting group settings and exposures.
- For organizations that serve high-risk populations, consider cancelling gatherings of more than 10 people.
- Encourage staff and members to stay home and notify organization administrators of illness when sick.
- Encourage personal protective measures among organization/members and staff (e.g., stay home when sick, handwashing, respiratory etiquette).
- Clean frequently touched surfaces at organization gathering points daily.
- Ensure hand hygiene supplies are readily available in building.
- Close areas with known exposures in highly trafficked tourist areas, such as cruise ship wharfs.